## Cumulative Table of Cases Connecticut Reports Volume 326

## (Replaces Prior Cumulative Table)

Abreu v. Commissioner of Correction (Order)	901 909 139
Barton v. Norwalk.  Inverse condemnation; certification from Appellate Court; whether defendant city's condemnation of parking lot used by tenants substantially destroyed plaintiff property owner's use and enjoyment of subject property; whether claim of highest and best use in previous direct condemnation proceeding barred claim of inverse condemnation predicated on different use under doctrine of judicial estoppel.	139
Brenmor Properties, LLC v. Planning & Zoning Commission	55
Zoning; certification from Appellate Court; whether Appellate Court correctly concluded that trial court properly sustained plaintiff developer's administrative appeal from defendant planning and zoning commission's denial of application for affordable housing subdivision pursuant to statute (§ 8-30g); whether, in light of commission's concession regarding applicable standard of review, trial court abused its discretion by remanding matter with direction to approve plaintiff's application as presented; standard of review applicable to trial court's affordable housing remedy under § 8-30g, discussed.	55
Brian S. v. Commissioner of Correction (Order)	904
Brown $v$ . Njoku (Order)	901
Channing Real Estate, LLC v. Gates	123
Action to recover on promissory notes; motion to preclude certain evidence; claim that, although Appellate Court properly concluded that parol evidence rule barred introduction of extrinsic evidence to vary terms of notes, that court improperly remanded case for new trial rather than directing judgment for plaintiff and restricting proceedings on remand to hearing in damages; parol evidence rule,	
discussed; claim that defendant lacked standing to pursue claim alleging violation	
of Connecticut Unfair Trade Practices Act (§ 42-110a et seq.); whether member	
of limited liability company has standing to bring action on basis of injury	
allegedly suffered by limited liability company.	
DeEsso v. Litzie (Order)	913
Fairfield Merrittview Ltd. Partnership $v$ . Norwalk (Order)	901
Federal National Mortgage Assn. v. Lawson (Order)	902
Federal National Mortgage Assn. v. Morneau (Order)	913
Giuca v. Commissioner of Correction (Order)	903
Green v. Commissioner of Correction (Order)	907
Hull v. Hull (Order)	909
Keller v. Keller (Order)	912 160
Maturo v. State Employees Retirement Commission	100
properly interpreted statutory provision (§ 7-438 [b]) of Municipal Employees'	
Retirement Act (§ 7-425 et seq.) to bar retired member from collecting pension	
while he was reemployed by municipality in nonparticipating position; statutory	
framework of act establishing and governing municipal employees retirement	
system, discussed; claim that position of mayor of East Haven did not constitute	
employment and mayor was not employee for purposes of act; claim that § 7-	
438 (b) evidences legislative intent to preclude member from receiving pension	
only while reemployed in position designated by town as participating in retire- ment system; whether statute (§ 7-432 [g]) providing for application to medical	
examining board for reconsideration of eligibility for disability retirement was	
applicable to plaintiff's claim; claim that legislature acquiesced in defendant's	
prior interpretation of act; claim that trial court should have deferred to nonbind-	
ing opinion letter of attorney general recommending that defendant not deviate	
from prior interpretation of act, specifically its interpretation of § 7-438 (b), in	
absence of further legislative direction.	

Micek-Holt v. Papageorge (Order)	915 40
MYM Realty, LLC $v$ . Doe (Order)	905
New Haven Parking Authority $v$ . Long Wharf Realty Corp. (Order)	912
O'Brien v. O'Brien	81
automatic orders effective during pendency of dissolution proceeding and appeal from judgment of dissolution on basis of certain stock transactions that plaintiff executed without defendant's consent or court order; certification from Appellate Court; whether Appellate Court incorrectly concluded that trial court improperly had considered, in making its financial orders, plaintiff's violations of automatic orders stemming from his decision to conduct certain stock transactions; whether court may remedy harm caused by another party's violation of court order, even without finding of contempt; claim that trial court's financial award was erroneous because it was excessive and based on improper method for valuing loss to marital estate; whether court had discretion to consider value that stocks and options would have had at time of remand trial; claim, as alternative ground for affirming Appellate Court's judgment, that plaintiff's stock transactions did not violate automatic orders because those transactions were made in usual course of business; whether trial court's conclusion that stock options plaintiff exercised were marital property subject to distribution between parties was clearly erroneous; claim, as alternative ground for affirming Appellate Court's judgment, that trial court's award of retroactive alimony was improper because it purportedly required plaintiff to pay arrearage out his share of marital assets, thereby effectively reducing his share of property distribution.	
PMG Land Associates, L.P. $v$ . Harbour Landing Condominium Assn. (Order)	911
Reese $v$ . Commissioner of Correction (Order)	907
Rosa $v$ . Commissioner of Correction (Order)	905
Shipman v. Commissioner of Correction (Order)	908
Spiotti v. Wolcott  Employment discrimination; whether plaintiff's claims previously decided adversely to her by State Board of Mediation and Arbitration pursuant to collective bargaining agreement barred by doctrine of collateral estoppel; whether this court should overrule Genovese v. Gallo Wine Merchants, Inc. (226 Conn. 475); claim that Genovese should be overruled because it relied on legislative history to interpret statute (§ 31-51bb) pertaining to right of employee covered by collective bargaining agreement to pursue cause of action, and legislature subsequently enacted statute (§ 1-2z) requiring courts to interpret statutes pursuant to plain meaning rule; claim that this court should depart from principles of stare decisis and overrule Genovese.	190
State v. Baccala	232
State $v$ . Bonds (Order)	907
State v. Caballero (Order)	903
State v. Chankar (Order)	914
State v. Crenshaw (Order)	911 914
mare n Denoetson (Uroer)	2114

State v. Henry D. (Order)	912
State v. Jerzy G.  Application for pretrial program of accelerated rehabilitation pursuant to statute (§ 54-56e); sexual assault fourth degree; motion to dismiss; certification from Appellate Court; mootness; whether Appellate Court properly dismissed deported defendant's appeal as moot; State v. Aquino (279 Conn. 293), distinguished; collateral consequences doctrine, discussed; whether there was reasonable possi-	206
bility of prejudicial collateral consequences resulting from trial court's orders terminating accelerated rehabilitation and ordering rearrrest; claim that defendant must evince intention to reenter country in order to raise existence of collateral consequences above mere speculation.	
State v. Kallberg	1
Larceny third degree as accessory; conspiracy to commit larceny third degree; motion	
to dismiss; certification to appeal; whether Appellate Court correctly concluded that trial court improperly denied defendant's motion to dismiss charges; whether Appellate Court improperly concluded that trial court's factual finding as to parties' intent was clearly erroneous; whether Appellate Court properly reversed	
judgment of conviction on ground that prosecution of defendant was barred	
because nolle prosequi that had been entered on larceny charges had been part	
of global disposition agreement supported by consideration; unilateral entry of	
nolle prosequi and bilateral agreement involving entry of nolle prosequi, distin-	
guished; claim that ambiguity in agreement between state and defendant must	
be construed against state.	000
State v. Killiebrew (Order)	909
State v. Linder (Order)	902
State v. Morel (Order)	911 910
State v. Perez (Order).	908
State v. Petion (Order)	906
State v. Schovanec	310
Identity theft third degree; illegal use of credit card; credit card theft; larceny sixth	010
degree; whether trial court improperly denied defendant's request for jury instruc-	
tion on third-party culpability and excluded references to third-party culpability	
from argument; unpreserved claim that certain of defendant's convictions vio-	
lated constitutional prohibition against double jeopardy.	
State $v$ . Seeley	65
Forgery second degree; supervisory authority over administration of justice; claim	
that waiver rule should be abandoned in context of bench trials; whether state	
presented sufficient evidence that defendant forged signature during purchase	
of automobile; whether state presented sufficient evidence that defendant acted	
with intent to deceive.	904
State v. Sinclair (Order)	904
State v. Snowden (Order)	913
State v. Williams-Bey (Order)	920
U.S. Bank National Assn. v. Nelson (Order)	908
U.S. Bank, National Assn. v. Walbert (Order)	902
Wells Fargo Bank v. Braca (Order)	914
Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. v. Monaco (Order)	905
William Raveis Real Estate, Inc. v. Zajaczkowski (Order)	906