

**NOTICE OF CONDITIONS—
ERASURE OF RECORD,
DELINQUENCY, FWSN**

JD-JM-81 Rev. 7-12
C.G.S. §§ 46b-120; 46b-133a; 46b-146
P.B. §§ 27-4(A); 27-8A(c); 27-9(c)

**STATE OF CONNECTICUT
SUPERIOR COURT
JUVENILE MATTERS**
www.jud.ct.gov



(Name of child)

Docket Number(s)

To:

ADA NOTICE

The Judicial Branch of the State of Connecticut complies with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). If you need a reasonable accommodation in accordance with the ADA, contact a court clerk or an ADA contact person listed at www.jud.ct.gov/ADA.

Fold

From (Address of court)

Date of this notice

Your records in the cases with the Docket Number or numbers listed above may get erased.

What does this mean?

All of your police records and court records, and any references to the charge or charges in those cases, may be erased and removed from the files of the police, the court and any other agencies, officials and institutions that may have them. If they are erased and you are asked "Have you ever been arrested?" you can answer

"No," even under oath. **But**, if you plan to enlist in any branch of the United States Military Service, you should know that its regulations may not follow the Connecticut erasure law and they may not allow you to say "No" - you should talk to your attorney about this.

How do my records get erased? Your records may get erased in one of these ways:

1. If the court dismissed you as not delinquent or not being a member of a family with service needs, all records and references to the charge will be automatically and immediately erased under section 46b-146 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

2. If you were charged with delinquency, and 13 months from **have passed since**

Date

- a *nolle prosequi* was entered (*nolle prosequi* means that the prosecutor agreed to drop the case against you but kept the right to reopen the case and prosecute you at any time during the next 13 months), or
- the charge or charges were dismissed without prejudice, or
- a continuance was granted and since the continuance was granted you were not prosecuted and no other action was taken on your case,

all police and court records about the charge or charges will be erased under section 46b-146 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

3. If you have successfully completed nonjudicial handling, all records and references to the charge or charges will be automatically and immediately erased under court rules for all purposes, **except** if you ask to be considered for nonjudicial handling if you are involved in another case (Connecticut Practice Book sections 27-8A(c), 27-9(c) and 27-4A).

Date

4. If at least 2 years from **(or 4 years if you were convicted of a serious juvenile offense) have passed since**

- your supervision by the Superior Court ended or
 - your custody by the DCF (Department of Children and Families) ended or
 - your care by any other institution or agency you were admitted to by the court ended
- and**
- you have no other juvenile proceeding or adult criminal proceeding pending against you, and
 - you have not been convicted of a delinquent act that would constitute a felony or misdemeanor if committed by an adult during such 2 year or 4 year period, and
 - you have not been convicted as an adult of a felony or misdemeanor during such 2 year or 4 year period, and
 - you have reached age 18.

you or your attorney must file a petition with the clerk of the Superior Court for Juvenile Matters where your case was heard **to have your record erased**. The court will then do what needs to be done to have the records erased under section 46b-146 of the Connecticut General Statutes.

5. You or your attorney may file a petition to have your record erased before the expiration of the statutorily required time period in such cases. The court will then schedule a hearing and you or your attorney will have to show that there is good cause to erase the record. This opportunity to safeguard your future is important to you. Take advantage of it.

By

(Probation Officer)